CHILD WELFARE SERVICES PROGRAM SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

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CHAPTER 31-500 SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

31-501 CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

- .1 The county shall report child abuse as defined in Penal Code Section 11165.6, to law enforcement departments and the District Attorney's Office as specified in Penal Code Section 11166(g).
- .2 When the county receives a report of abuse that has allegedly occurred in a licensed facility, the county shall, as specified in Penal Code Sections 11166.1 and 11166.2, notify the licensing office with jurisdiction over the facility.
- .3 The county shall submit a report pursuant to Penal Code Section 11169 to the Department of Justice of every case it investigates of known or suspected child abuse that it has determined not to be unfounded as defined in Penal Code Section 11165.12.
 - .31 The county shall make information received from the Department of Justice available as specified in Penal Code Section 11170(b)(1).

NOTE: Authority Cited: Sections 10553 and 10554, Welfare and Institutions Code. Reference: Sections 11165.12, 11165.6, 11166, 11166.1, 11166.2, 11169, and 11170(b)(1), Penal Code.

31-505 OUT-OF-COUNTY PLACEMENTS

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.1 Out-of-county placements shall be subject to the provisions of Welfare and Institutions Code Sections 361.2(c) and (d).

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These statutes provide that children shall be placed in their parents' or guardians' county of residence unless they are placed with relatives or there is no suitable placement in such county, and provide for a notification process to parent(s) or guardian(s).

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(Continued)

- .12 Under such circumstances, the following requirements shall be met:
 - .121 The sending county shall be responsible for providing direct supervision and services or arranging for the provision of supervision and services by the receiving county in accordance with Section 31-505.123.
 - (a) The sending county shall specify in the case plan how the service needs of the child, including social worker visitation/contact requirements, are to be met while the child is placed out-of-county.
 - .122 The sending county shall be responsible for services to the child's parent(s)/guardian(s) and continued case plan updates.
 - .123 If the receiving county accepts responsibility for providing supervision and services, the following requirements shall be met:
 - (a) A written agreement shall be executed between the receiving and sending counties which specifies the respective responsibilities of each county.
 - (b) The receiving county shall provide periodic written reports to the sending county on the child's condition and progress in order to facilitate required case plan updates.
 - (c) The receiving county shall concur that the proposed placement meets the child's needs.
 - (d) The sending county shall provide consultation and advice on the case, as needed.

NOTE: Authority Cited: Sections 10553 and 10554, Welfare and Institutions Code. Reference: Sections 361.2(c) and (d), Welfare and Institutions Code.

- .1 The Interstate Compact on the Placement of Children (ICPC) shall be applicable between member states under any of the following circumstances:
 - .11 Procedures for placements into boarding or foster family homes or a relatives home, including the home of a parent. When an agency or court in a member state, the sending agency, wishes to place a child, for whom it holds legal custody or placement responsibility, in another member state and in a:
 - .111 Boarding or foster family home.
 - .112 Relative's home, including the home of a parent.
 - .12 When an agency or court in a member state has placed a child in foster care or with a relative in a home within that state and intends to continue placement although the family may move, or has moved, to another member state.
 - .13 When an individual in a member state wishes to place a child who is in his custody in another member state in a:
 - .131 Foster family home.
 - .132 Group Home.
 - .133 Relative's home except as excluded under Article 8 of the Interstate Compact.
 - .134 Childcaring institution.
- .2 The ICPC shall not be applicable when a potential foster family makes a routine inquiry or application to an agency in a member state other than the state of family residence.
 - When the state to which they apply wishes to have the home studied as a resource for additional children needing placement, the family shall be directed to apply through an agency in the state in which they reside.
- .3 Except for children placed by a county social service agency or probation department in an outof-state group home, the procedures for children leaving California shall be as follows:
 - .31 The California sending agency shall comply with the provisions of Family Code Sections 7900 through 7909.
 - .32 The California sending agency shall complete Sections I, II and III of Form ICPC 100A (Rev. 10/91), Interstate Compact Placement Request, and shall:
 - .321 Retain one copy in agency files.

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.322 Forward four copies to the appropriate public authority in the receiving state, with two copies of applicable legal documents such as court orders; two copies of summaries of significant information on the child and the prospective foster or relative family; and two copies of a financial and medical services plan, including information on the eligibility of the child for federal Title IV-E assistance.

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- (a) ICPC suggested procedures specify that the receiving state's appropriate public authority should forward copies of the summaries and legal documents to the receiving agency, requiring recommendation on the suitability of the placement plan.
- A home study shall be required for every proposed placement. The California sending agency shall not send a child out of state until it has received, from the appropriate public authority in the receiving state, an ICPC 100A (Rev. 10/91) approved in writing and a home study assessing the following:
 - .331 Amount of supervision available from the receiving agency.
 - .332 Ability of the community or area of proposed placement to meet any special needs of the child.
 - .333 Parental capabilities and problems if the plan involves movement as a family unit.
 - .334 Appropriate information concerning the family with whom placement is to be made.
- ICPC suggested procedures specify that the receiving state's appropriate public authority will notify the California sending agency of approval or disapproval of the plan for the child by completing Section IV of Form ICPC 100A (Rev. 10/91), signing and forwarding two copies of the form with all additional forms and pertinent information to the California sending agency within 30 days from the date it was received in that state.

- 35 Prior to placement, the California sending agency shall assure that a financial plan has been developed for the child and that the receiving state has agreed with the plan in writing. Nothing in this section shall be construed as providing entitlement to public social services or aid payments for which the child is not otherwise eligible.
- .36 When the child is placed pursuant to receipt of written approval, the California sending agency shall complete Form ICPC 100B (Rev. 10/91), Interstate Compact Report on Child's Placement Status, and forward two copies to the appropriate public authority in the receiving state.

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- .37 The California sending agency shall cooperate with the receiving agency in ongoing case planning for the duration of placement.
- .38 To report change in placement status:
 - .381 The California sending agency shall complete Form ICPC 100B (Rev. 10/91), Interstate Compact Report on Child's Placement Status, and forward two copies to the appropriate public authority in the receiving state under the following circumstances:
 - (a) When there is a change in the placement status of the child.
 - (b) When placement is terminated by adoption decree.
 - (c) When there is any other significant change in plans for the child.
- .4 Procedures for Out-of-State Group Home Placements and the ICPC. The ICPC shall be applicable between member states under any of the following circumstances:
 - .41 When an agency or court in a member state wishes to place a child, for whom it holds legal custody or placement responsibility in another member state, the California social service agency or probation department shall comply with the provisions of Family Code Sections 7900 through 7912 when placing a child out-of-state and in a:
 - .411 Group home.
 - .412 Childcaring institution.

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- .413 The multidisciplinary teams shall provide an assessment and placement recommendation pursuant to Family Code Sections 7911 and 7911.1 and further described in Section 31-066 of this manual.
- .414 The social worker/probation officer shall make a request to the multidisciplinary team only after in-state alternatives have been considered and are found not to meet the child-s needs. The local agency shall document in the case plan the alternatives to out-of-state group home placement that were considered or used and the reasons why they were rejected or did not meet the best interests of the child.

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- .42 The social worker/probation officer shall petition the court for a placement order in concurrence with Welfare and Institutions Code Sections 361.2 and 727.1.
- .43 The California sending agency shall complete Sections I, II and III of the Form ICPC 100A (Rev. 10/91), Interstate Compact Placement Request, and shall:
 - .431 Retain one copy in agency files.
 - .432 Forward to the Interstate Compact Administrator, four copies of the Form ICPC 100A, with three copies of applicable court orders, the case plan, summaries of significant information on the child, the county multidisciplinary team placement recommendation, and the financial and medical services plan, including information of the eligibility of the child for federal Title IV-E assistance.

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.433 The address for the ICPC Compact Administrator is the California Department of Social Services, Out-of-State Placement Policy Unit at: 744 P Street, M.S. 19-78, Sacramento, CA 95814.

- Any agreements entered into by the California sending agency and the receiving state agency regarding the provision of services and the respective responsibilities of each state agency shall be approved and signed by the sending and receiving state agencies prior to placement out-of-state in accordance with the Family Code.
 - When entering into agreements, the provisions of Family Code Section 7911.1(a) shall be met. These agreements shall specify the authority of CDSS to investigate any threat to the health and safety to a child placed in an out-of-state group home. Included is the authority to interview children or staff in private or review the child-s file and the requirement that all complaints be reported to the California Compact Administrator.
 - (b) The receiving state agency shall provide written reports to the sending state agency on the child-s condition and progress to facilitate required case plan updates in accordance with Section 31-320.414.

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- .435 Placements into out-of-state group home facilities can only be made when the facility is certified pursuant to Family Code Sections 7911.1(c) and (i) which state, in part:
 - "(c) By August 18, 1999, CDSS shall certify that the out-of-state group home meets all licensure standards required of group homes operated in California."
 - "(i) Only an out-of-state group home authorized by the Compact Administrator to receive state funds for the placement by a county social services agency or probation department of any child in that out-of-state group home shall be eligible for public funds pending the departments certification."
- .436 Pursuant to Family Code Section 7912(b), the Compact Administrator may temporarily suspend any new placements in an out-of-state group home, or a period not to exceed 100 days, pending the completion of an investigation regarding a threat to the health and safety of California children in care.

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- .44 The California sending agency shall not send a child out-of-state until it has received approval from the California Interstate Compact Administrator and the receiving state ICPC Unit.
- .45 Prior to placement, the California sending agency shall assure that a financial plan has been developed for the child and that the receiving state has agreed with the plan in writing. Nothing in this section shall be construed as providing entitlement to public social services or aid payments for which the child is not otherwise eligible.
- .46 When the Form ICPC 100A (Rev. 10/91) is approved by the receiving state ICPC Administrator, the California sending agency arranges for the physical transfer of the child and, when placement is made, completes four copies of Form ICPC 100B (Rev. 10/91) Interstate Compact Report on Child-s Placement Status, and forwards three copies to the CDSS Interstate Compact Administrator.
- .47 The California sending agency shall cooperate with the receiving agency in ongoing case planning for the duration of placement.
- .48 If the California sending agency is placing a child into another group home, out-of-state procedures in Section 31-510.4 are to be followed and Form ICPC 100B (Rev. 10/91) Interstate Compact Report on Childs Placement Status, completed and three copies forwarded to the CDSS Interstate Compact Administrator, reporting the change in placement.

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- .5 Procedures for children entering California are as follows:
 - .51 The California receiving agency shall comply with the provisions of Family Code Sections 7900 through 7909.

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- .52 The ICPC suggested procedures require that the sending state's appropriate public authority forward to the California receiving agency:
 - .521 Four copies of the signed Form ICPC 100A (Rev. 10/91).
 - .522 Two copies of applicable legal documents such as court orders, and summaries of significant information on the child to be placed and the prospective foster or relative family.

- Upon receipt of a Form 100A (Rev. 10/91) from the sending state's appropriate authority, the California receiving agency shall complete a home study with a recommendation on the suitability of the placement plan. A home study shall be required for every proposed placement and shall be made to assess the following:
 - .531 Amount of supervision available from the California receiving agency.
 - .532 Ability of the community or area of proposed placement to meet any special needs of the child.
 - .533 Parental capabilities and problems if the plan involves movement as a family unit.
 - .534 Appropriate information concerning the family with whom placement is to be made.

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- .54 The California receiving agency shall notify the sending state's appropriate public authority of approval or disapproval of the plan for the child by completing Section IV of Form ICPC 100A (Rev. 10/91) and forwarding two copies of the form with all additional forms pertinent information to the sending state's appropriate public authority.
- .55 Prior to placement, the California receiving agency shall assure that a financial plan has been developed for the child, in cooperation with the sending agency. Upon agreement, the California receiving agency shall verify its acceptance of the plan, in writing. Nothing in this section shall be construed as providing entitlement to public social services or aid payments for which the child is not otherwise eligible.

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- .56 When the child is placed:
 - .561 ICPC suggested procedures require that:
 - (a) The sending agency shall complete Form ICPC 100B (Rev. 10/91), Interstate Compact Report on Child's Placement Status, forward copies to the sending state's appropriate public authority.
 - (b) The sending state's appropriate public authority shall sign and forward copies of the form to the DSS.

- 57 The California receiving agency shall cooperate with the sending agency in ongoing case planning for the duration of placement.
- .58 If the social worker determines that it is too dangerous to maintain a dependent minor of the court of another state in the home in which he/she has been placed under the ICPC, the social worker shall:
 - .581 Provide emergency shelter care services to the child.

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- .582 Notify the sending agency and the appropriate public authority in the sending state of the child's removal within 48 hours, excluding nonjudicial days, of its occurrence.
- .583 Assist the sending agency to resolve the placement issue.

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- .59 To report a change in placement status:
 - .591 ICPC suggested procedures require that the sending agency shall complete the "Interstate Compact Report on Child's Placement Status", Form ICPC 100B (Rev. 10/91), and forward copies to the California receiving agency under the following circumstances:
 - (a) When there is a change in the placement status of the child.
 - (b) When placement is terminated by adoption decree.
 - (c) When there is any other significant change in plans for the child.
 - .592 The sending state's appropriate public authority shall forward copies of the ICPC 100B (Rev. 10/91) to the California local receiving agency.

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Jurisdiction over the placed child shall conform to the requirements of Family Code Section 7901, Article 5(a).

CHILD WELFARE SERVICES PROGRAM SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

Regulations SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS 31-510 (Cont.)

31-510 INTERSTATE COMPACT ON THE PLACEMENT OF CHILDREN (ICPC) (Continued)

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.7 Visits

- .71 A visit is not a placement (see Family Code Section 7901, Article 2(d)) within the meaning of the Interstate Compact on the Placement of Children. Visits and placements shall be distinguished on the basis of purpose, duration and the intention of the person or agency with responsibility for planning for the children as to the child's place of abode.
- .72 The purpose of a visit shall be to provide the child with a social or cultural experience of short duration, such as a stay in camp or with a friend or relative who has not assumed legal responsibility for providing child care services.
- .73 A visit for 24 hours or longer shall involve the provision of some services in the nature of child care by the person or persons with whom the child is staying. The provision of these services shall not, of itself, alter the character of the stay as a visit.
- .74 If the child's stay is intended to be for no longer than 30 days and if the purpose is as described in Section 31-510.72, it will be presumed that the circumstances constitute a visit rather than a placement.

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- A stay or proposed stay of longer than 30 days shall be considered a placement or proposed placement; except a stay that begins and ends within the child-s vacation from school, as determined from the academic calendar of the school, may be considered a visit even if longer than thirty days. Such visits may not be extended beyond the school vacation period.
- .76 A visit shall not be extended or renewed beyond 30 days.
- .77 If a stay does not from the outset have an express terminal date, or if its duration is not clear from the circumstances, it shall be considered a placement or proposed placement and not a visit.
- .78 If a request for a home study or agency supervision is made by the person or agency which sends or proposes to send a child on a visit, such request shall conclusively establish that the intent of the stay or proposed stay is a placement and not a visit.
- .8 Required forms include the following:
 - 81 Interstate Compact Placement Request, Form ICPC 100A (Rev. 10/91).
 - .82 Interstate Compact Report on Child's Placement Status, Form ICPC 100B (Rev. 10/91).

NOTE: Authority Cited: Sections 10553 and 10554, Welfare and Institutions Code. Reference: Sections 7901, 7911, 7911.1 and 7912, Family Code and Sections 361.21, 727.1, and 16516.5, Welfare and Institutions Code.

31-515 INDIAN CHILD WELFARE ACT (ICWA) PROVISIONS

- .1 When a dependency petition is initiated by the social worker on behalf of a child who is or may be an Indian child the social worker shall:
 - .11 Identify in the petition that the child is or may be an Indian child as defined by the ICWA.
 - .111 To make such a determination, the social worker shall ask the child, his parent or custodian whether the child is or may be a member of an Indian tribe, or whether the child identifies himself/herself as a member of a particular Indian organization.

- (a) When there is any oral or written information which indicates that the child is or may be an Indian child, the social worker shall:
 - (1) Obtain the name, address, date of birth, and tribal affiliation of birth parents, grandparents, and great grandparents.
 - (2) Obtain the name and address of tribal governing organizations.
 - (3) Complete Request for Confirmation of Child's Status as an Indian (SOC 318).
 - (4) Obtain a copy or photocopy of the child's state certified birth certificate.
 - (5) Send completed Request for Confirmation of Child's Status (SOC 318) and the birth certificate to the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), Attention Tribal Operations for a determination as to whether or not the child is an Indian as defined by the ICWA.
- .112 If a determination is made that a child is or may be an Indian child as defined by the ICWA after the initial petition is filed with the court, the county shall file an amended petition notifying the court of this determination.
- .12 Give notice to the Indian child's parent(s) or Indian custodian(s) and the child's tribe(s), by registered mail with return receipt requested, of the pending proceedings and their right to intervene at any point in the proceedings. This notice shall be sent on Form SOC 319 "Notice of Hearing" and must be received by the Indian child's parent(s) or custodian and tribe no later than 10 days prior to the hearing date.
 - .121 When the identity or location of the parent(s), Indian custodian(s), or tribe cannot be determined, notice shall be given to the Secretary of the Interior (Secretary) by registered mail, return receipt requested.

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- (a) Notice to the Secretary shall be mailed to the Sacramento Area Director, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Federal Office Building, 2800 Cottage Way, Sacramento, California, 95825.
- (b) The notice shall include the following information if known:
 - (1) Indian child's name, birthdate, and birthplace.
 - (2) Indian child's tribal affiliation.
 - (3) Name, birthdate, birthplace and mother's maiden name of the Indian child's parent(s) or Indian custodian(s).
 - (4) A copy of the petition, complaint, or other document by which the proceeding was initiated.
- .122 The Secretary will have 15 days from receipt of notice to provide the required notice in Section 31-515.12 to the parent(s), Indian custodian and tribe.

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.123 A tribe, parent or Indian custodian entitled to notice of the pending of a child custody proceeding has a right, upon request to the court, to be granted an additional 20 days from the date upon which notice was received to prepare for participation in the proceeding.

- .13 Document efforts made to provide services and rehabilitative programs designed to prevent the breakup of the Indian family, and that such efforts were unsuccessful.
 - .131 It shall not be necessary to show such efforts have been made in emergency situations prior to temporary removal from the home where it is determined that, even with reasonable services being provided, such removal is essential to protect the child from serious physical or emotional damage.

- (a) Efforts to provide services shall be made subsequent to such emergency removal.
- .132 Where an emergency situation exists and it has been determined that an Indian child must be temporarily removed from the home, the worker shall make efforts to place the child in an Indian home, and shall notify the appropriate Indian tribal entity of the removal in order to solicit tribal assistance and support in the placement of the child.
- .14 Present to the court clear and convincing evidence, by qualified expert witnesses in addition to testimony of county staff involved in the dependency action, that the continued custody of the child by the parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the child. Where the county provides the expert witness, the witness shall be:
 - .141 A person other than the social worker who initiated the dependency action and:
 - (a) A member of the Indian child's tribe who is recognized by the tribal community as knowledgeable in tribal customs as they pertain to family organization and child rearing practices; or
 - (b) A lay expert witness who has substantial experience in the delivery of child and family services to Indians, and extensive knowledge of prevailing social and cultural standards and child rearing practices within the Indian child's tribe; or
 - (c) If a person described in Section 31-515.141(a) or (b) is not available a professional person who has substantial education and experience in the area of his or her specialty.
- .2 If at the time of the dependency court appearance, no determination has been made regarding the child's status as an Indian child, as defined by the ICWA, the social worker shall:
 - .21 Advise the court of all information which indicates that the child may be an Indian child.

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- .22 Advise the court of all efforts made to establish the child's status as an Indian child.
- .23 Request direction from the court on how to proceed with the dependency action.
- .24 Continue contacts with the BIA until the question of the child's status as an Indian child, as defined by the ICWA, has been resolved and the resolution is documented in the case record for future reference.
- .3 The provisions of Section 31-515 et seq. shall be met when a petition for continued detention is filed by the social worker on behalf of an Indian child.

NOTE: Authority Cited: Sections 10553 and 10554, Welfare and Institutions Code. Reference: 25 USCA Section 1901 et. seq.

31-520 PLACEMENT OF INDIAN CHILDREN

- .1 In addition to the placement requirements specified in Chapter 31-400, the following requirements shall also apply when placing Indian children:
 - .11 The standards to be applied in Indian child placements shall be the prevailing social and cultural standards of the Indian community in which the parent or extended family member maintains social and cultural ties.
 - In any placement of an Indian child, the agency shall select the least restrictive placement which most approximates a family.
 - .121 Unless there is good cause to the contrary or the child's tribe establishes a different order of preference by resolution, the order of placement preference shall be as follows:
 - (a) A member of the Indian child's extended family.
 - (b) A foster home approved, specified or licensed by the Indian child's tribe.
 - (c) An Indian foster home licensed or approved by an authorized non-Indian licensing authority.

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31-520 PLACEMENT OF INDIAN CHILDREN

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(Continued)

- (d) An institution for children approved by an Indian tribe or operated by an Indian organization which has a program suitable to meet the Indian child's needs.
- .13 The order of placement preference specified in Sections 31-520.121(a) through (d) shall not override current state licensing regulations.
- Licensure by an Indian child's tribe shall not constitute licensure by the state, nor shall licensure by the state constitute licensure by the Indian child's tribe.
- .2 When an Indian child's parent(s) or Indian custodian voluntarily consents to a foster care placement, the following requirement shall be met:
 - .21 The authorized agency official and the Indian child's parent(s) or Indian custodian shall appear together before a judge of the Superior Court to sign the consent Form SOC 155-C.
 - .211 If a parent wishes to make a voluntary foster care placement of a newborn through a licensed adoption agency, and is considering relinquishment of the newborn to the agency, the appearance before the judge shall not be required unless the foster care placement continues for more than 30 calendar days because the relinquishment is not taken within such time period.
 - .22 In the presence of the judge and before the consent can be signed, the agency official shall explain the terms and consequences of the consent in detail to the Indian child's parent(s) or Indian custodian in a language understood by the parent(s) or Indian custodian.
 - .23 For the consent to be valid, it shall be necessary for the judge to certify in writing that the terms and consequences of the consent were fully explained in detail and fully understood, including that:
 - .231 The consent may be withdrawn and the child returned to the parent(s) at any time.
 - .232 The placement of the child will be in accordance with the order of placement preference specified in Sections 31-520.121(a) through (d).

31-520 PLACEMENT OF INDIAN CHILDREN

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(Continued)

- (a) When a consenting parent evidences a desire for anonymity, the agency shall inform the court of the desire and shall request direction from the court in applying the preferences.
- .233 The return of the child shall be within an agreed-upon time period, ordinarily not to exceed three working days. In no case shall the return of the child require more than seven calendar days following the parent's request.
- .24 Any consent given prior to or within ten working days of the birth of the Indian child shall not be valid.
 - During such time period, the child shall be provided with necessary child protective services.
- .3 Requirements regarding case records shall include the following:
 - .31 All Indian child placements shall be clearly documented on the placement history Form SOC 153.
 - .32 Efforts to comply with the placement preference order specified in Sections 31-520.121(a) through (d) shall be documented, and any deviations to the order shall be fully explained.
 - .33 The placement history shall be available to the Secretary of the Interior and/or the child's Indian tribe, upon request to the county.

NOTE: Authority Cited: Sections 10553 and 10554, Welfare and Institutions Code. Reference: 25 USCA Section 1901 et seq.

31-525 INDEPENDENT LIVING SKILLS PROGRAM

- .1 For each child in placement, age 16 or older, the social worker shall develop a written transitional independent living plan which describes the programs and services, including employment, as appropriate, which will help the child prepare for the transition from foster care to independent living.
 - .11 The written transitional independent living plan shall be incorporated into the case plan specified in Section 31-205.47.

31-525 INDEPENDENT LIVING SKILLS PROGRAM

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- (Continued)
- .111 If employment is part of the written transitional independent living plan the case plan must state that the purpose of employment is to enable the child to gain knowledge of needed work skills, work habits, and the responsibilities of maintaining employment.
- .12 Independent living services shall be provided, as appropriate, based on the written transitional independent living plan.
- .13 A copy of the written transitional independent living plan shall be provided to each child receiving independent living services.
- .14 The case record shall include any written authorization by the social worker or probation officer for withdrawal of cash savings, for purposes of emancipation, acquired through participation in the Independent Living Program (ILP).
- .15 When income and incentive payments are earned as part of the written transitional independent living plan, the requirements of Welfare and Institutions Code Sections 11008.15 and 11155.5 shall also apply.

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.151 Examples of incentive payments are cash, not to exceed \$600 annually, and/or household items, such as, pots and pans, linens, kitchen utensils, or other items to help the child in later establishing a household.

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- .16 If transitional independent living services are not appropriate, the social worker shall document in the case plan the reason(s) why they are not appropriate. These services shall be inappropriate only if the child is physically or mentally not able to benefit from such services.
- The written transitional independent living plan shall be in place as specified in Sections 31-525.11 through .15; however, services shall be subject to the continued availability of federal independent living funds.

NOTE: Authority Cited: Sections 10553 and 10554, Welfare and Institutions Code. Reference: 42 USC Sections 675 and 677.

31-530 MINOR PARENT SERVICES (MPS)

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.1 Referral of Minor Parent Pursuant to Welfare and Institutions Code Section 11254(b)(3).

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Referral of a Minor Parent specified in Welfare and Institutions Code Section 11254(b)(3) occurs when a minor parent applies for AFDC and alleges that their physical or emotional health or safety, or that of their child(ren) would be jeopardized if they lived in the same residence with their parent, legal guardian or other adult relative. AFDC county eligibility staff will not make a final determination about granting aid, except in cases where Immediate Need is requested, until a CWS social worker informs AFDC county eligibility staff whether the minor parent and his/her child(ren) can safely reside in the senior parents, legal guardians or other adult relatives home.

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- .12 Within 20 calendar days of receiving a referral pursuant to Welfare and Institutions Code Section 11254(b)(3), the CWS social worker shall complete an in-person investigation of the allegation to determine whether the physical or emotional health or safety of the minor parent or child(ren) would be jeopardized if they lived in the same residence with the minor parents own parent, legal guardian or other adult relative.
- .13 If the referral is unfounded, the CWS social worker shall document the factors contributing to this determination, and shall complete and return the referral form to the county AFDC office.
- .14 If the referral is not unfounded, the CWS social worker shall document the factors contributing to this determination and shall complete and return the referral form to the county AFDC office and follow the procedures set forth in Section 31-530.2.
- .2 Referral of Minor Parent Determined to Meet Exemption Pursuant to Welfare and Institutions Code Section 11254(b). (Section 31-530.2 et seq. is to be implemented on June 1, 1997).

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- .21 Minor parent exemptions specified in Welfare and Institutions Code Sections 11254(b)(1) through (4) are:
 - .211 Minor parent has no parent or legal guardian who is living or whose whereabouts are known.

HANDBOOK CONTINUES

31-530 MINOR PARENT SERVICES (MPS)

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(Continued)

HANDBOOK CONTINUES

- .212 Minor parent has no parent or legal guardian who will allow the minor parent to live in his/her home.
- .213 The CWS social worker has determined that the physical or emotional health or safety of the minor or child(ren) would be jeopardized if the minor and child(ren) lived in the same residence with the minor own parent, legal guardian or other adult relative.
- .214 Minor parent has lived apart from his/her parent(s) or legal guardian(s) for a period of at least one year before either the birth of any such child or the minor parent having made application for aid.

HANDBOOK ENDS HERE

- .22 Within 30 calendar days of receiving a referral on a minor parent meeting an exemption pursuant to Welfare and Institutions Code Section 11254(b), the CWS social worker shall:
 - .221 Complete an in-person assessment of the minor parent and his/her child(ren) to determine whether the minor parent and his/her child(ren) are capable of living independently.
- .23 Based on the findings of the in-person assessment, the CWS social worker shall either:
 - Document the factors contributing to a determination that a minor parent is unable to live on his/her own.
 - (a) If the minor parent is unable to live on his/her own, the CWS social worker shall complete the investigation, assessment and case planning process described in Sections 31-125 through 31-325.

or

Document the factors contributing to a determination that a minor parent is able to live on his/her own and develop a safety plan.

31-530 MINOR PARENT SERVICES (MPS)

31-530

(Continued)

- .24 Except as provided in Section 31-530.3, counties must provide MPS, pursuant to Welfare and Institutions Code Section 16506(d), to minor parents and their children referred and who meet an exemption pursuant to Welfare and Institutions Code Section 11254(b), when a CWS social worker has determined the minor parent is able to live independently. Counties may contract with another county agency or non-county service provider to provide MPS.
 - When a county chooses to contract for MPS, the contract must, at a minimum, specify the following:
 - (a) How the services are to be provided;
 - (b) The process by which minor parents will be referred for MPS;
 - (c) The process for reporting to the county on the progress of families served;
 - (d) The process for on-going assessments; and
 - (e) The process for ensuring that visits and referrals will occur.
- .3 MPS shall be terminated when:
 - .31 The minor parent turns 18 years old; or
 - .32 The minor refuses MPS.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 10553 and 10554, Welfare and Institutions Code. Reference: Sections 11254, 16504, 16504(b), 16506, and 16506(d), Welfare and Institutions Code.